ABN 87 000 001 641

General Purpose Financial Report - Tier 2 (Simplified Disclosures) 30 June 2022

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Director's Report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

The Directors present their report together with the financial report of The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales (the Society) for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 and the auditor's report thereon. In order to comply with the provisions of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, the Directors report as follows:

1 Directors

The Directors of the Society at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

	Appointed	Resigned
Dr Peter Wright, President	22 January 2002	
Dr Ian Roth, Vice President	25 March 2017	
Mr Stephen Rushton SC, Vice President	25 June 2019	
Mr Graham Hall, Director	19 April 1984	
Mr Stewart Thompson, Treasurer	8 June 2022	
Ms Sarah Cruickshank, Director	3 August 2010	
Mr Donald Richmond Robinson, Director	30 October 2014	
Mr Peter O'Callaghan,	25 March 2019	
Co-opted Director for 4 years		
Ms Mia Steele, Co-opted Director for 4 years	27 July 2020	
Ms Margaret Gaal, Director	30 November 2020	
Mr Mark Steele SC, Co-opted Director for 4 years	16 July 2021	
Mr Brian Pickup, Treasurer	13 June 2017	13 June 2022

Name and responsibilities	Qualifications, experience and other directorships
Dr P Wright President	Dr P Wright is a veterinarian who runs his own practice at Goulburn, NSW, and treats domestic pets, livestock, wildlife and other exotic species. He has a long involvement with animal care groups, including WIRES, and in assisting the region's local RSPCA inspector.
Dr I Roth Vice President	Dr I Roth worked as a veterinarian with the NSW Department of Primary Industries (NSW DPI) for 40 years in biosecurity and animal welfare. He managed the NSW DPI's Animal Welfare Unit and worked closely with RSPCA NSW. Until his retirement in December 2015, he was the Chief Veterinary Officer for NSW. His career successes were recognised with a Public Service Medal for outstanding public service to veterinary science, particularly pertaining to animal welfare and biosecurity in NSW.

Director's Report (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

1 Directors (continued) Name and responsibilities

Qualifications, experience and other directorship

Mr S Rushton SC *Vice President*

Between 1986 and 2020 Mr Rushton practiced as a barrister. He was appointed Senior Counsel in 2000. In 2017 he was appointed a Commissioner of the Independent Commission against Corruption. He has a passion for animal welfare and the environment. In 2015 Mr Rushton was appointed Counsel Assisting the Special Commission of Inquiry into the Greyhound Racing Industry. Between 1995 and 2020 he also held the statutory appointment of Environmental Counsel to the Environment Protection Authority. As well as being a Life Member of RSPCA NSW, Mr Rushton works as a volunteer at the Sydney shelter.

Mr G Hall *Director* Mr Hall is a Life Member of RSPCA NSW and has been an RSPCA Board Member since 1983. He is the primary producer and owner of a family property near Young. He breeds Shorthorn cattle.

Mr S Thompson Treasurer Mr S Thompson is a Partner at Hall Chadwick. He has over 30 years of chartered accounting experience and has been a partner in public practice since 2001. He has spent his career within both Big 4 and mid-tier firms providing audit and advisory services. His focus is on the middle market, providing audit and assurance services to a range of clients encompassing both corporate and not-for-profit entities. As Treasurer, he is particularly focused on the financial viability of the organisation.

Ms S Cruickshank *Director* Ms S Cruickshank is currently a Senior Executive in the NSW Department of Premier and Cabinet and has amassed three decades of experience in policy development, public affairs and strategic communications. Prior to joining the Australian Public Service in 2012, she spent 10 years as part of a global public relations agency, the last five years of which she was Managing Director of one of its Australian-based companies. Throughout her life, she has been the proud owner of multiple shelter cats and dogs and is passionate about protecting the interests of vulnerable animals in our society.

Mr D Robinson Director Mr D Robinson joined the Board in November 2014. Born in Young in NSW, he had a varied career before joining the NSW Police in 1971. He served in small rural communities across the state for 23 years but resigned to take up the position of Chief Inspector for RSPCA NSW. He served for eight years, before becoming RSPCA NSW Manager of Branches and Properties. He is keenly interested in all facets of the RSPCA, but particularly in the branches and their operations. As an RSPCA Australia Farm Assessor, he carried out inspections of piggeries accredited under the Approved Farming Scheme. In 2012, Mr Robinson retired to a 60-acre farm in Grenfell in the Mid-West NSW, where he now runs a few cattle and an alpaca.

Director's Report (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

1 Directors (continued) Name and responsibilities

Qualifications, experience and other directorship

Mr P O'Callaghan Co-opted Director

Mr P O'Callaghan has over 35 years' experience in risk management for notfor-profit organisations, government enterprises and health services, among many others. He is a member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (AICD) and was awarded the inaugural Certified Practising Accountant (CPA) award for outstanding individual contribution to Victoria.

As well as serving on the RSPCA NSW Board of Directors, Mr O'Callaghan is currently Chairman of Andrew Kerr Care Ltd.

Ms M Steele
Co-opted Director

Ms M Steele is a life member of RSPCA NSW and has been a supporter of the RSPCA since childhood. She has a law degree from Oxford University and has worked as a volunteer with a number of community organisations in NSW over many years, including RSPCA NSW, where she worked with the Education Team and assisted in fundraising activities.

Ms M Gaal Director Margaret Gaal joined RSPCA NSW in 1981 and was previously the President of our RSPCA Bathurst Branch, a position which she held for more than 30 years. Margaret brings with her a wealth of knowledge of the organisation and is the founder of the NSW RSPCA CAWS Program which commenced in 2003 and also completed the RSPCA CAWS Program in Tahiti. Outside of RSPCA NSW Margaret has sat on various NSW Government and Taskforces Committees and is the President of the Australian Institute Local Government Rangers Association and a life member of the Australian Institute NSW Rangers Association.

Mr M Steele SC Co-opted Director

Mr M Steele is a barrister practising corporate and employment law at the Commercial Bar in Sydney. He was appointed Senior Counsel in 2013. Mr Steele has a commerce degree and first-class honours law degree from the University of Melbourne and a master's degree in law from Oxford University and is currently studying for a PhD in law at Sydney University. Prior to coming to the Bar in 1995, Mr Steele worked for ten years as an investment banker in London, New York and Sydney. He has been a lifelong supporter of the RSPCA as a donor and as the proud parent of a much-loved terrier cross adopted from Yagoona. In recent years, Mr Steele has assisted RSPCA NSW pro bono on a number of important governance and regulatory matters. He is also a Director of RSPCA Australia.

Mr Brian Pickup *Treasurer*

Mr B Pickup is a chartered accountant who was formerly a partner at Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. His work involves accounting for businesses, as well as various not-for-profit organisations. As a registered company auditor with over 25 years' experience, his work often requires him to provide expert evidence in litigation matters, which involve accounting and business issues. He is interested in all aspects of the RSPCA, and particularly with assisting in financial matters.

Director's Report (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

1 Directors (continued) Name and responsibilities

Qualifications, experience and other directorship

Mr S Coleman

Company Secretary, CEO

Since joining RSPCA NSW in 1991, Steve has held many positions; Inspector, Deputy Chief Inspector, Chief Inspector, Deputy CEO and now CEO. This has significantly assisted in developing his leadership style and approach, with the primary purpose of RSPCA NSW at the core of his development. Steve's tertiary qualifications include a Graduate Diploma in Investigations Management and a Masters in Business Administration. Steve has extensive experience in stakeholder management including local, state and federal government, industry and media experience. With many years managing staff (approximately 500), volunteers (approximately 1500) and with a grassroots experience base, Steve is able to guide RSPCA NSW's strategic development and execution.

2 Director's meetings

The number of Director's meetings and number of meetings attended by each of the Directors of the Society during the financial year are:

Director Board meetings			
	Attended	Entitled	
Dr Peter Wright, President	9	9	
Dr Ian Roth, Vice President	9	9	
Mr Stephen Rushton SC, Vice President	8	9	
Mr Graham Hall, Director	9	9	
Mr Stewart Thompson, Treasurer	1	1	
Ms Sarah Cruickshank, Director	5	9	
Mr Donald Robinson, Director	7	9	
Mr Peter O'Callaghan, Co-opted Director	9	9	
Ms Mia Steele, Co-opted Director	9	9	
Ms Margaret Gaal, Director	6	9	
Mr Mark Steele SC, Co-opted Director	8	9	
Mr Brian Pickup, Treasurer	9	9	
Mr Steve Coleman (Company Secretary, CEO)	9	9	

3 Principal activities, objectives and strategies

The principal activity of the Society in the course of the financial year was the prevention of cruelty to animals through the activities of the inspectorate and the operation of shelters, clinics, and the sale of animals and associated products.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the activities of the Society during the financial year.

Director's Report (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

3 Principal activities, objectives and strategies (continued)

Short-term objectives and strategies

- Improve animal outcomes;
- Provide a safe and happy work environment;
- Exceed supporters' satisfaction;
- Increase the number of financial supporters;
- Increase income; and
- Maintain vigilance on cost control.

Long-term objectives and strategies

- Continuous investment in fundraising;
- Grow our volunteer network;
- Continue focus on cruelty prevention;
- Educate the community on the importance of animal welfare;
- Invest in rehoming and reduction in length of stay strategies; and
- Partner with government, local councils and industry for the betterment of animals.

Measures of performance

The financial and operational performance of the Society is monitored by reference to appropriate measures on a monthly basis.

4 Membership liability

The Society is a public company limited by guarantee. There is no liability of any member under the guarantee should the Society be wound up.

5 Subsequent events

There have not been any matters or circumstances that have occurred subsequent to the end of the financial year that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Society, the results of its operations, or the state of affairs of the Society in future financial years.

6 Impact of COVID-19

The coronavirus (COVID-19) has had an impact on the Society's operations and activities, however the Society expects the impact to be significantly reduced moving forward.

7 Lead auditor's independence declaration

The Lead auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 8 and forms part of the Director's report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Dr Peter Wright

President

Mr Stewart Thompson

Treasurer



Auditor's Independence Declaration under subdivision 60-C section 60-40 of Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012

To: the Directors of The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales and its controlled entities

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KANC

KPMG Cameron Roan

Partner

Sydney

24 September 2022

The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

In AUD '000	Note	2022	2021
Revenue	4(a)	33,124	37,382
Operating expenses	6	(59,391)	(56,830)
Deficit before legacies and grants	_	(26,267)	(19,448)
Bequests	4(b)	34,589	18,165
Government grants	4(b)	2,998	8,385
Surplus before finance income	_	11,320	7,102
			_
Finance income		1,655	2,322
Finance expenses		(184)	(157)
Net financing income	5	1,471	2,165
Surplus before income tax expense		12,791	9,267
Income tax expense		-	-
Surplus for the financial year		12,791	9,267
Other comprehensive income			
Net gains and losses on equity investments at FVOCI		(4,540)	5,869
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	_	8,252	15,136
	_		

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2022

Assets 2022 2021 Cash and cash equivalents 7 16,693 11,720 Trade and other receivables 8 1,109 1,078 Inventories 9 796 663 Other assets 10 402 367 Financial assets 11 7,160 16,185 Total current assets 11 44,770 47,915 Property, plant and equipment 12 70,015 64,603 Investment properties 13 13,660 7,670 Right-of-use assets 17 62 156 Total ann-current assets 128,507 120,344 Total assets 128,507 120,344 Total assets 14 6,025 7,701 Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 8 5 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Total ind-current liabilities 20,196	In AUD '000	Note		
Cash and cash equivalents 7 16,693 11,720 Trade and other receivables 8 1,109 1,078 Inventories 9 796 663 Other assets 10 402 367 Financial assets 11 7,160 16,185 Total current assets 26,160 30,013 Financial assets 11 44,770 47,915 Property, plant and equipment 12 70,015 64,603 Investment properties 13 13,660 7,670 Right-of-use assets 17 62 156 Total non-current assets 128,507 120,344 Total assets 154,668 150,357 Liabilities 154,668 150,357 Trade and other payables 14 6,025 7,701 Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total current liabilities 3			2022	2021
Trade and other receivables 8 1,109 1,078 Inventories 9 796 663 Other assets 10 402 367 Financial assets 11 7,160 16,185 Total current assets 26,160 30,013 Financial assets 11 44,770 47,915 Property, plant and equipment 12 70,015 64,603 Investment properties 13 13,660 7,670 Right-of-use assets 17 62 156 Total non-current assets 17 62 156 Total assets 14 6,025 7,701 Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 8 59 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total liabilities 334 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Inventories 9 796 663 Other assets 10 402 367 Financial assets 11 7,160 16,185 Total current assets 26,160 30,013 Financial assets 11 44,770 47,915 Property, plant and equipment 12 70,015 64,603 Investment properties 13 13,660 7,670 Right-of-use assets 17 62 156 Total non-current assets 128,507 120,344 Total assets 154,668 150,357 Liabilities 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 88 59 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,668 Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,668 Total inon-current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 394 24,137	Cash and cash equivalents		· ·	•
Other assets 10 402 367 Financial assets 11 7,160 16,185 Total current assets 26,160 30,013 Financial assets 11 44,770 47,915 Property, plant and equipment 12 70,015 64,603 Investment properties 13 13,660 7,670 Right-of-use assets 17 62 156 Total non-current assets 17 62 156 Total assets 14 6,025 7,701 Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 88 59 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Total liabilities 20,196 24,137 Net assets 130,946 118,155	Trade and other receivables		· ·	•
Financial assets 11 7,160 16,185 Total current assets 26,160 30,013 Financial assets 11 44,770 47,915 Property, plant and equipment 12 70,015 64,603 Investment properties 13 13,660 7,670 Right-of-use assets 17 62 156 Total non-current assets 17 62 156 Total assets 18,507 120,344 150,357 Liabilities 15 68 150,357 Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 88 59 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 20,196 24,137 Net assets 130,946 118,155 </td <td>Inventories</td> <td>9</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Inventories	9		
Total current assets 26,160 30,013 Financial assets 11 44,770 47,915 Property, plant and equipment 12 70,015 64,603 Investment properties 13 13,660 7,670 Right-of-use assets 17 62 156 Total non-current assets 128,507 120,344 Total assets 154,668 150,357 Liabilities 14 6,025 7,701 Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 88 59 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 20,196 24,137 Net assets		10	402	367
Financial assets 11 44,770 47,915 Property, plant and equipment 12 70,015 64,603 Investment properties 13 13,660 7,670 Right-of-use assets 17 62 156 Total non-current assets 128,507 120,344 Total assets 128,507 120,344 Total assets 14 6,025 7,701 Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 88 59 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total non-current liabilities 394 347 Total liabilities 394 347 Total liabilities 394 341 Accumulated funds and reserves 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 3,524 8,064	Financial assets	11	7,160	16,185
Property, plant and equipment 12 70,015 64,603 Investment properties 13 13,660 7,670 Right-of-use assets 17 62 156 Total non-current assets 128,507 120,344 Total assets 154,668 150,357 Liabilities	Total current assets	-	26,160	30,013
Investment properties 13 13,660 7,670 Right-of-use assets 17 62 156 Total non-current assets 128,507 120,344 Total assets 154,668 150,357 Liabilities Trade and other payables 14 6,025 7,701 Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 9,701 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 1,59 1,59 1,59 1,59 1,59 1,59 1,59 1,59 1,59 1,59 1,50 1	Financial assets	11	44,770	47,915
Right-of-use assets 17 62 156 Total non-current assets 128,507 120,344 Total assets 154,668 150,357 Liabilities Trade and other payables 14 6,025 7,701 Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 88 59 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total non-current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 394 475 Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 130,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Property, plant and equipment	12	70,015	64,603
Total non-current assets 128,507 120,344 Total assets 154,668 150,357 Liabilities Trade and other payables 14 6,025 7,701 Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 88 59 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total non-current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 20,196 24,137 Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 130,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Investment properties	13	13,660	7,670
Liabilities 14,668 150,357 Trade and other payables 14 6,025 7,701 Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 88 59 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total non-current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 394 24,137 Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 130,946 118,155 Accumulated funds 130,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Right-of-use assets	17	62	156
Liabilities Trade and other payables 14 6,025 7,701 Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 88 59 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total non-current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 394 475 Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves Accumulated funds 130,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Total non-current assets	_	128,507	120,344
Trade and other payables 14 6,025 7,701 Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 88 59 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total non-current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 20,196 24,137 Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 130,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Total assets		154,668	150,357
Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 88 59 Total current liabilities 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total non-current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 20,196 24,137 Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 3,524 8,064 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Liabilities			
Provisions 16 4,922 4,765 Deferred income 15 8,768 11,138 Lease liability 17 88 59 Total current liabilities 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total non-current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 20,196 24,137 Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 3,524 8,064 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Trade and other payables	14	6,025	7,701
Lease liability 17 88 59 Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total non-current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 20,196 24,137 Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 130,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064		16	4,922	4,765
Total current liabilities 19,803 23,663 Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total non-current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 20,196 24,137 Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 130,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Deferred income	15	8,768	11,138
Provisions 16 394 341 Lease liability 17 - 134 Total non-current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 20,196 24,137 Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 130,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Lease liability	17	88	59
Lease liability 17 - 134 Total non-current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 20,196 24,137 Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 130,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Total current liabilities		19,803	23,663
Total non-current liabilities 394 475 Total liabilities 20,196 24,137 Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 30,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Provisions	16	394	341
Total liabilities 20,196 24,137 Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 30,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Lease liability	17	-	134
Net assets 134,470 126,219 Accumulated funds and reserves 30,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064	•	_	394	
Accumulated funds and reserves Accumulated funds 130,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Total liabilities	_	20,196	24,137
Accumulated funds 130,946 118,155 Reserves 3,524 8,064	Net assets	_	134,470	126,219
Reserves 3,524 8,064	Accumulated funds and reserves			
	Accumulated funds		130,946	118,155
Total accumulated funds and reserves 134,470 126,219	Reserves			8,064
	Total accumulated funds and reserves	_	134,470	126,219

The accompanying notes on pages 13-28 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

In AUD '000	Revaluation reserve	Accumulated funds	Total
Balance at 1 July 2020	2,195	108,888	111,083
Surplus for the year	-	9,267	9,267
Net gain on equity investments at FVOCI	5,869	-	5,869
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	5,869	9,267	15,136
Balance as at 30th June 2021	8,064	118,155	126,219
Balance at 1 July 2021	8,064	118,155	126,219
Surplus for the year	-	12,791	12,791
Net loss on equity investments at FVOCI	(4,540)	-	(4,540)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	(4,540)	12,791	8,252
Balance at 30th June 2022	3,524	130,946	134,470

The accompanying notes on pages 13-28 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

In AUD '000	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from members and customers	18,017	18,415
Payments to suppliers and employees	(57,393)	(56,443)
Donations received	8,955	7,725
Bequests received ¹	27,751	13,192
Government grants	1,266	17,507
Jobkeeper/Jobsaver receipts	1,250	9,193
Net cash (used in)/from operating activities	(153)	9,589
Cash flows from investing activities		
Net finance receipts	2,071	2,165
Reinvestment of net finance receipts	(2,071)	(2,165)
Rent received	440	415
Proceeds from sale of assets held for sale	-	620
Proceeds from sale of investment property	2,590	558
Proceeds from sale of property plant and equipment	5,558	3,820
Payment for property plant and equipment	(12,651)	(17,703)
Liquid investments realised	9,190	-
Net cash (used in)/from investing activities	5,127	(12,290)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,973	(2,701)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	11,720	14,421
Cash and cash equivalents at the of the financial year	16,693	11,720

^{1.} The Group receives bequest income in both cash and non-cash forms. Non-cash bequests may include properties, financial investments, companies and other assets. There may also be a difference in the timing of the receipt of cash compared to the recognition of the bequeathed income.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

1 Reporting entity

The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales (the "Society") is a public company limited by guarantee. The Society is domiciled in Australia. The address of the Society's registered office is 201 Rookwood Road, Yagoona NSW 2199. The Society is registered under the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012. These consolidated financial statements include the underlying assets and liabilities in a subsidiary company Hansons Properties Pty Ltd acquired during the 2021 financial year as disclosed in note 23. The financial statements are as at and for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

2 Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard 1060 - Simplified Disclosures adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Act 2012.

These consolidated financial statements are the first to be prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures. In the prior year the consolidated financial statements were general purpose financial statements prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Requirements. The adoption of the new Australian Accounting Standard has not had a material effect on the content or format of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 September 2022.

(b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI) which are measured at fair value determined by reference to their quoted closing exit bid price at the reporting date.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Society's functional currency. Figures are presented in round thousand dollars unless otherwise stated.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Details of the specific judgement, estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements are summarised in Note 3(p).

3 Significant accounting policies

Unless otherwise stated, the accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Branch accounts

The consolidated financial statements comprise the accounts of the Society and all its Branches. The consolidated financial statements are inclusive of Branch balances at balance date and transactions during the year, after elimination of balances and transactions between Branches and Head Office. A listing of branches is disclosed in note 20.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Society becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred.

A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

(ii) Classification and measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified according to their business model and the characteristics of their contractual cash flows. Except for those receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transactions costs (where applicable).

(iii) Subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Society changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets, other than those designated and effective as hedging instruments, are classified into the following four categories:

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Financial assets at amortised cost (see below);
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI); and
- Equity instruments at FVTOCI (see below)

The accounting policy is set out below:

(a) Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets with contractual cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest and held within a business model of 'hold to collect' contractual cash flows are accounted for at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets at amortised costs comprise of cash and cash equivalents, term deposits and trade and other receivables.

(b) Equity investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(iii) Subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

(b) Equity investments at FVOCI (continued)

Equity investments at FVOCI are investments in listed and unlisted shares and investments in trusts.

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within finance income and finance expenses, except for impairment of trade receivables which is presented within operating expenses.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Society.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values using the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, and is generally recognised in profit or loss. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Society will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term. Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative year are as follows:

Buildings
 Animal shelters
 20 years, or lease term
 20 - 50 years, or lease term

Motor vehicles 5 yearsPlant, furniture and equipment 3-10 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if

(iv) Capital works in progress

Capital works in progress represents expenditure on unfinished capital project.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Leases

Leases which convey the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration are accounted for in accordance with AASB 16.

The Society recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right- of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date and any initial direct costs incurred.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, at the Society's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Society uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate
 as at the commencement date; and
- lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Society is reasonably certain to exercise an
 extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Society is reasonably
 certain not to terminate early.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Society has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets or peppercorn leases and short-term leases, including IT equipment. The Society recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(e) Revenue

(i) Revenue recognition policy from Revenue from Contracts with Customers (AASB15)

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration for transferring goods or services to a customer.

The timing of the payment of sale of goods and rendering of services generally corresponds to the timing of satisfaction of the performance obligations. Where there is a difference in timing, a receivable, contract asset or contract liability is recognised.

Sale of goods

Revenue from sales of goods comprises revenue earned from the sale of goods purchased for resale and gifts donated for resale. Sales revenue is recognised when the control of goods passes to the customer which is at the time that the goods are physically transferred.

Rendering of services

The Society is involved in the provision of veterinary services and related services. The Society recognises revenue from rendering of services when the services are performed.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(e) Revenue (continued)

(ii) Revenue recognition policy for revenue streams which are either not enforceable or do not have sufficiently specific performance obligations (AASB 1058)

Grant income

Assets arising from grants in the scope of AASB 1058 are recognised at their fair value when the asset is received. These assets are generally cash but may be property which has been donated or sold to the Society below its fair value.

Capital grants

Capital grants received under an enforceable agreement to enable the Society to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment to identified specifications for its use are recognised as revenue as and when the obligation to purchase or construct is met.

Bequests

Bequests are recognised when the Society is notified of an impending distribution or the bequest is received, whichever occurs earlier.

Revenue from bequests comprising shares or other property are recognised at fair value, being the market value of the shares or property at the date the Society becomes legally entitled to the shares or property..

Donations and fundraising

Donations collected, including cash and goods for resale, are recognised as revenue when the Society gains control of the asset.

(f) Fundraising Activities

NSW Charitable Fundraising Act 1991

This Act and supporting Charitable Fundraising Regulation prescribe the manner in which fundraising appeals are conducted, controlled and reported in NSW. The amounts shown in Note 19 are in accordance with Authority Condition 7, which is issued to the Company under section 19 of the Act.

Donations:

Donations are recognised as income when received by the Society. As specified in the Act, unsolicited donations, members' donations and bequests are not treated as fundraising income when determining information required under the Act.

Costs of fundraising:

Costs used in Note 19 include all direct fundraising costs in accordance with the Act. The inclusion of indirect costs is discretionary. Indirect costs such as the time spent by accounting or office staff administering appeals, cost apportionment of rent, light and power, and insurance have been excluded from Note 19.

(g) Deferred income

Deferred income represents the unspent grants or other fees received on the condition that specified services are delivered or conditions are fulfilled. The services are usually provided or the conditions usually fulfilled within twelve months of receipts of the grant. Where the amount received is in respect of services to be provided over a period that exceeds twelve months after reporting date then the liability is disclosed as non-current.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Finance income and expenses

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested, realised gains or losses, dividend income and distributions that are recognised in profit or loss. Interest income is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method. Dividends and distributions are recognised as income when received.

Finance expenses comprise interest expense on borrowings, management fees and impairment losses recognised on financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss. All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

(i) Income tax

The Society is an income tax exempt charity endorsed by the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

(j) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on the first-in, first-out principle.

(k) Investment property

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or capital appreciation. Where such property is acquired by legacy, investment properties are measured initially at deemed cost being fair value as per note 13, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of investment property less their estimated residual values using the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, and is generally recognised in profit or loss. For the buildings, a useful life of 20 years is used in the calculation of depreciation.

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and short term deposits.

(m) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables, which comprise amounts due from sales of merchandise and from services provided to residents and unconditional amounts owed for work performed under grant agreements are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less an allowance for any uncollectible amounts.

(n) Trade and other payables

Trade payables are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received. Trade accounts payable are normally settled within 30 to 60 days.

(o) Employee benefits

A provision is made for the Society's liability for all accrued employee benefits (annual leave and long service leave) as at balance date, together with an allowance for on-costs.

The provision is treated as a current liability, except in respect of long service leave which has not vested and will not vest in the next financial year.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(p) Use of estimates and judgements

The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements are summarised below.

Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic

Judgement has been exercised in determining the Society's response to the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, principally addressing the range of services offered, the methods of fund raising, staffing levels and operating arrangements such as working from home. There has not been any significant impact upon the financial statements arising from the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

Allowance for expected credit losses

The allowance for doubtful debts is determined by a review of the receivables ledger to assess the likelihood of collecting individual debts, based on all available information.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The Society determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated.

(q) Goods and services tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense. Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as a current asset or liability in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

(r) Business combination

When the Society receives a bequest of more than 50% of the share capital of a company, the Society recognises an investment in a subsidiary company based on the fair value of the company's net assets. The Society's policy is to conduct an orderly realisation of the net assets of the subsidiary company or of the Society's share in it and to recognise any resulting gain or loss through the income statement. When a subsidiary company is held at balance date, consolidated accounts are prepared in which the underlying assets and liabilities of the subsidiary are recognised, together with a non-controlling interest proportionate to the shareholding of parties other than the Society.

The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

4	Revenue	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
(a)	Operating revenue		
	Donations	8,955	7,725
	Royalty	111	17
	Profit on sale of property	4,369	1,044
	Membership subscriptions	22	19
	Fees for service – animals	5,832	7,240
	Sale of goods	909	973
	Sale of animals	1,770	2,383
	Rent	440	395
	Court fines and costs	410	309
	Fundraising	7,104	6,665
	Sundry income	1,952	1,419
	Jobkeeper	50	9,193
	Jobsaver	1,200	-
		33,124	37,382
(b)	Other revenue		
	Bequests	34,589	18,165
	Government grants	2,998	8,385
		37,587	26,550
5	Net finance income		
	Interest income	34	89
	Distribution income	2,104	1,418
	Realised (loss)/gain	(483)	815
	Finance income	1,655	2,322
	Management fees	(184)	(157)
	Finance expenses	(184)	(157)
	Net finance income	1,471	2,165

The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

6	Operating expenses	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
	An analysis of the Society's operating expenses for the year is as	s follows:	
	Salaries and wages expenses	32,439	30,622
	Contributions to defined superannuation contribution plans	2,914	2,662
	Depreciation of investment properties	82	103
	Depreciation of non-current assets	4,137	3,613
	Depreciation of right of use assets	116	117
	Bad debts expenses	62	59
	Administration expenses	8,304	7,824
	Animal related expenses	3,777	3,966
	Purchase of merchandise	556	427
	Repairs and maintenance	751	1,456
	Fundraising expenses	3,710	3,425
	Rent expenses	88	75
	Interest expense-right of use leases	4	7
	Other occupancy expenses	279	199
	Other expenses	2,173	2,275
		59,391	56,830
7	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash at bank and short term deposits	16,665	11,692
	Cash on hand	29	28
		16,693	11,720
8	Trade and other receivables		
	Trade receivables	1,504	1,387
	Bequests receivable	-	3
	Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(395)	(312)
		1,109	1,078
	Allowance for doubtful debts		
	Opening balance	312	343
	Impairment losses/ (amounts recovered) on receivables	83	(31)
	Closing balance	395	312
	 		<u> </u>

The average credit period on sale of goods is 30 days. No interest is charged on the overdue trade receivables. Allowances for doubtful debts are recognised against trade receivables based on the estimated irrecoverable amounts determined by reference to past default experience of the counterparty and an analysis of the counterparty's current financial position.

The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

9	Inventories	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
	Finished goods	796	663
10	Other assets		
	Prepayments	402	367
11(a)	Financial assets		
	Current		
	Financial assets at amortised cost		
	Term deposits (> 3 months maturity)	7,160	16,185
		7,160	16,185
	Non-current		
	Equity instruments at FVOCI		
	Shares held at market value	43,875	47,086
	Unlisted trusts and shares at market value	896	829
		44,770	47,915
11(b)	Movements in investments	2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000
	Current assets-term deposits		
	Balance at beginning of financial year	16,185	9,500
	Transfer (to)/from non-current investments	(9,025)	6,685
	Balance at end of financial year	7,160	16,185
	Non-currents assets: listed and unlisted securities		
	Balance at beginning of financial year	47,915	38,315
	Dividends and interest reinvested	2,070	1,478
	Management fees	(184)	(156)
	Transfer (to)/from cash and cash equivalents	(9,190)	6,465
	Transfer from/(to) current investments	9,025	(6,685)
	In specie bequests received	157	1,814
	Realised surplus/(losses)	(483)	815
	Fair value adjustment at 30 June 2022	(4,540)	5,869
	Balance at end of financial year	44,770	47,915

The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12 Property, plant and equipment

	Capital works in progress \$	Land and Bulidings \$	Motor vehicles	Plant furniture and equipment \$	Computer and intangible asset	Total \$
In AUD '000	—	Ψ		Ψ	Ψ	
Cost						
Balance at 1 July 2021	12,061	67,032	5,475	7,477	1,471	93,516
Additions	4,007	3,153	4,099	590	802	12,651
Transfers	(457)	126	332	-	-	-
Disposals	-	(414)	(3,693)	(130)	0	(4,237)
Balance as at 30 June 2022	15,611	69,897	6,213	7,937	2,273	101,930
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses						
Balance at 1 July 2021	-	(21,613)	(968)	(6,120)	(212)	(28,913)
Depreciation for the year	-	(2,106)	(1,094)	(377)	(494)	(4,071)
Disposals	-	115	826	129	- -	1,069
Balance as at 30 June 2022	-	(23,604)	(1,236)	(6,368)	(706)	(31,915)
Carrying amount						
At 1 July 2021	12,061	45,418	4,507	1,358	1,259	64,603
At 30 June 2022	15,611	46,293	4,976	1,569	1,567	70,015

The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

		2022	2021
13	Investment properties	\$'000	\$'000
	At cost	7,670	4,492
	Additions	6,750	3,877
	Disposals	(685)	(590)
	Accumulated depreciation	(75)	(109)
		13,660	7,670
14	Trade and other payables		_
	Trade payables	1,615	2,909
	Other payables and accruals	4,410	4,792
		6,025	7,701
15	Deferred income		
	Capital grant	8,768	11,138
16	Provisions		
	Employee benefits- current	4,922	4,765
	Employee benefits- non-current	394	341
		5,316	5,106

17 Right-of-use and lease liability

Operating leases relate to leased land at Yagoona which is held on a peppercorn basis, together with sundry leases for equipment. These leases are for differing terms in accordance with the contractual agreements. The Society does not have an option to purchase the leased assets at the expiry of the lease periods. These leases are regarded as immaterial for the purpose of disclosure in accordance with AASB 16

Information about other property leases accounted for in accordance with AASB 16 is presented below:

(i) Right-of-use assets

Opening balance	156	394
Additions	22	47
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(116)	(285)
Closing balance	62	156
(ii) Lease liability		
Current	88	59
Non-current	-	134
	88	193
(iii) Amount recognised in profit or loss		
Interest on lease liabilities	4	7
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	116	117

The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

18	Capital and other commitments	2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000
	Capital expenditure commitments		
	Contracted but not provided for		
	Shelters	1,549	2,512

The Society is in the process of a multi-staged re-development of the Yagoona site. The capital commitments are contracted costs in relation to the re-development.

19 Charitable Fundraising Act 1991

The following additional information is provided in accordance with the requirements of the above Act.

(a) Fundraising appeals

Head Office and Branches have conducted various fundraising appeals during the year. Details of aggregate gross income and total expenses of fundraising appeals, as disclosed in these financial statements were as follows:

Gross proceeds from the fundraising appeals	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Head office		
Donations	8,843	7,715
Fundraising	7,028	6,583
Branches		
Donations	113	10
Fundraising	76	83
Gross proceeds from fundraising appeals	16,060	14,391
Cost of fundraising appeals		
Head office	(3,699)	(3,421)
Branches	(11)	(7)
Total costs of fundraising appeals	(3,710)	(3,428)
Net surplus obtained from fundraising	12,350	10,963

Fundraising from cash donations and cash legacies are generally conducted on an honorary basis by members of the Society supported by officers who are employed for specific inspectorial, veterinary or other necessary administrative purposes.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

19 Charitable Fundraising Act 1991 (continued)

(a) Fundraising appeals (continued)

Costs of fundraising appeals noted above includes amongst other things, costs for events and communications with supporters of the Society who may ultimately bequeath assets to the Society. Income from fundraising appeals does not include assets bequeathed by supporters, as bequest and legacy income is not deemed a fundraising appeal pursuant to the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991. Accordingly, in assessing the return on costs of fundraising appeals, regard should be made to the bequest and legacy income also generated from these activities.

(b) Statement showing how funds received were applied to charitable purposes:

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Net surplus from fundraising appeals	12,350	10,963
Net surplus was applied to the charitable purpose in the following manner:	(= 0.44)	(2.105)
Funding RSPCA Inspectors Animal shelter facilities for stray, abandoned and abused	(7,241)	(6,485)
animals	(20,821)	(20,249)
Veterinary clinic services	(10,666)	(11,227)
Expenditure on support services	(16,126)	(14,197)
Volunteer branches	(672)	(989)
Expenditure for bushfire relief	(348)	(413)
	(55,874)	(53,560)
Shortfall	(43,524)	(42,597)

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

20 Related parties

(a) Transactions with key management personnel (KMP)

(i) KMP and Directors compensation

During the financial year the Society has not compensated or agreed to compensate any Director of the Society.

The KMP compensation was \$1,078,558 for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (2021: \$1,117,112). In addition post employment benefits (superannuation contributions) amounted to \$96,092 for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (2021: \$100,785).

The KMP for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 included termination benefits/entitlements of nil.

There are no contractual termination benefits in respect of any employee.

(ii) KMP and Director transactions

The Society may engage the services of Directors to provide their professional services at arm's length rates of remuneration. No services were provided during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

No amount was owed to any Director as at 30 June 2022 (2021: nil).

Transactions between the Society and its KMP arising in the ordinary course of business have been conducted on an arm's length basis.

During the financial year, William Beerden (General Manager, Regulation & Business Services) a member of the KMP purchased an investment property held by the Society which had been identified for sale. The sale was approved by the Board.

The consideration for the sale of \$1,825,000 was in line with an independent valuation commissioned by the Directors and settlement was on arm's length terms.

(b) Branches

Albury
Armidale
Bathurst
Blue Mountains
Broken Hill
Central Coast
Central West Group

Cooma Eurobodalla Glen Innes

Goulburn and Southern Highlands

Gunnedah Illawarra Inverell Kempsey Orange

Port Macquarie Tamworth Taree Tenterfield Tweed Shire Shoalhaven Wagga Wagga Sydney Auxiliary

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

21 Contingent liabilities

In the ordinary course of operations, the Society receives claims against it which may involve litigation. Where the outcome is probable and can be reasonably quantified, provision is made in these financial statements.

22 Subsequent events

There have not been any matters or circumstances that have occurred subsequent to the end of the financial year that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Society, the results of its operations, or the state of affairs of the Society in future financial years.

23 Parent entity financial information

The Society is the parent entity which has 100% of the share capital of Hansons Properties Pty Ltd (ABN 67 000 382 721) (Hansons) which was acquired as a bequest. Hansons owns a property which is leased on commercial terms.

The following information below are the financial results of the parent entity alone:

	Result of parent entity	2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000
	Profit for the financial year	12,639	9,302
	Other comprehensive income	(4,540)	5,869
	Total comprehensive income for the financial year	8,099	15,171
	Financial position of the parent entity at period end		
	Current assets	25,871	33,405
	Non-current assets	130,015	118,188
	Total assets	155,886	151,593
	Current liabilities	19,407	23,300
	Non-current liabilities	2,126	2,038
	Total liabilities	21,532	25,338
	Total equity of the parent entity		
	Revaluation reserve	3,524	8,064
	Accumulated funds	130,829	118,191
	Total equity	134,353	126,255
24	Remuneration of auditors	2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000
	Audit services	75	79
	Other services	-	-
	Total remuneration	75	79

The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales Directors' Declaration

In the opinion of the Directors of The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales ('the

- (a) the Society is not publicly accountable;
- (b) the consolidated financial statements and notes that are set out on pages 9 to 28 are in accordance with the
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Society's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial year ended on that date;
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Discloures and the Australian Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013; and
- (c) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Society will be able to pay its debts as and when they and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Dated at Sydney this 24th day of September 2022

Dr Peter Wright

President

Mr Stewart Thompson

Treasurer

The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales Declaration by Executive Officer in accordance with the Charitable Fundraising For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

I, Peter Wright, President of The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales, my opinion:

- (a) the consolidated financial report gives a true and fair view of all income and expenditure of The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales with respect to fundraising appeal activities for the financial year ended 30 June 2022;
- (b) the consolidated statement of financial position gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs with June 2022;
- (c) the provisions of the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991and Regulations and the conditions attached to financial year ended 30 June 2022; and
- (d) the internal controls exercised by The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New accounting for all income received and applied from any fundraising appeals.

Dr Peter Wright

President

Dated at Sydney this 24th day of September 2022



Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the *Financial Report* of The Royal Society Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales (the "Society") and its controlled entities (the "*Group*").

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Report of the *Group* is in accordance with Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission (ACNC) Act 2012*, and the *Charitable Fundraising (NSW) Act 1991*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- complying with Australian Accounting Standards- Simplified Disclosures Framework and Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

The Financial Report comprises:

- Consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022.
- Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, Consolidated statement of changes in equity, and Consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended.
- Notes including a summary of significant accounting policies.
- Directors' Declaration.

The *Group* consists of The Royal Society Prevention of Cruelty to Animals New South Wales and the entities it controlled at the year-end or from time to time during the financial year.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ACNC Act 2012 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics

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for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the ACNC Act 2012, which has been given to the Directors of the Group, would be in the same terms if given to the Directors as at the time of this Auditor's Report.

Other Information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in the Group's annual reporting which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors are responsible for the Other Information.

The Other Information we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report was the Director's Report.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Responsibilities of the Board Members for the Financial Report

The Board Members are responsible for:

- Preparing the Financial Report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with *Australian Accounting Standards -Simplified Disclosures Framework* and the *ACNC Act 2012*.
- Preparing the Financial Report in accordance with Section 24(2) of the Charitable Fundraising (NSW) Act 1991 and Regulations.
- Implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- Assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and whether the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Financial Report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- i. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ii. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the Audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the registered Group's internal control.
- iii. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board members.
- iv. Conclude on the appropriateness of the Boards members' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the registered Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the Financial Report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the registered Group to cease to continue as a going concern.



v. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Report, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Directors of the Group regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

In addition we have:

- Obtained an understanding of the internal control structure for fundraising appeal activities.
- ii. Examined on a test basis of evidence supporting compliance with the accounting and associated record keeping requirements for fundraising appeal activities pursuant to the Act and Regulation.

We have not audited on a continuous basis the accounting records relied upon for reporting on fundraising appeal activities. These do not necessarily reflect accounting adjustments after the event or normal year-end financial adjustments required for the preparation of Financial Report such as accruals, prepayments, provisioning and valuations.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Opinion Pursuant to the Charitable Fundraising Act (NSW) 1991

In our opinion:

- i. the Financial Report gives a true and fair view of the Group's financial result of fundraising appeal activities for the financial year ended 30 June 2022;
- ii. the Financial Report has been properly drawn up, and the associated records have been properly kept for the period from 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022, in accordance with the *Charitable Fundraising Act (NSW) 1991* and Regulations;
- iii. money received as a result of fundraising appeal activities conducted during the period from 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022 has been properly accounted for and applied in accordance with the *Charitable Fundraising Act (NSW) 1991* and Regulations; and

there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

KANC

KPMG

Cameron Roan

Partner

Sydney

28 September 2022